

190

# Pneumatic Fender

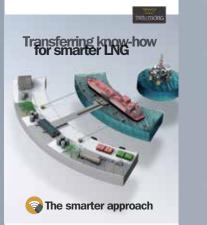
HANDLING, STORAGE, INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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# Pneumatic Rubber Fender Handling, Storage, Installation and Maintenance Manual

# Trelleborg Marine Systems is a world leader in the design and manufacture of advanced marine fender systems.

We provide bespoke solutions for large and complex projects all over the world. Best practice design and quality materials ensure a long, low maintenance service life, no matter how demanding the working and environmental conditions.

All fenders are supplied fully tested and manufactured in accordance with PIANC 2002 guidelines. Our pneumatic fenders are also completely ISO17357-1:2014 compliant. Our high performance solutions combine low reaction force and hull pressure with good angular performance and rugged construction.

Trelleborg's fender systems can be integrated with SmartPort. SmartPort by Trelleborg is a technology platform that connects disparate, data-driven assets, giving stakeholders a holistic view of operations to power communication and decision making.

Take a Smarter Approach to fender performance with Trelleborg.

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# A Smarter Approach at every stage

## A smarter approach to...

### CONSULTATION

Consultation from the earliest project phase to ensure the optimum fender, mooring, navigation and transfer solutions are specified, with full technical support from our global offices.



### CONCEPTS

Conceptual design in your local office – with full knowledge of local standards and regulations, delivered in your language – for optimized port and vessel solutions.

## DESIGN

Concepts are taken to our Engineering Center's of Excellence where our team generates 3D CAD designs, application-engineering drawings, a bill of materials, finite engineering analysis and calculations for both our fender systems and marine technology solutions.

## MANUFACTURE

Our entire product range is manufactured in-house, meaning we have full control over the design and quality of everything we produce. Our strategically located, stateof-the-art facilities ensure our global, industry leading manufacturing capability.



## TESTING

Across our entire product range, stringent testing comes as standard at every step in our in-house manufacturing process. We ensure that life-cycle and performance of our entire product range meets your specifications, and more.

### INSTALLATION

Dedicated project management, from solution design right the way through to on site installation support.

We design products and solutions that always consider ease of installation and future maintenance requirements.

### SUPPORT

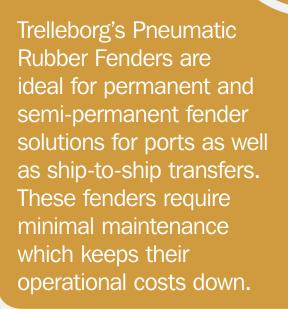
Local support on a truly global scale, with customer support teams all over the world. And this service doesn't stop after a product is installed. You have our full support throughout the entire lifetime of your project, including customized training programs, maintenance and on-site service and support.

## THE FUTURE

Deploying the latest in smart technologies to enable fully-automated, datadriven decision making that optimizes port and terminal efficiency. At Trelleborg, we're constantly evolving to provide the digital infrastructure our industry increasingly needs.

When you choose Trelleborg you ensure your expectations will be met, because we deliver a truly end-to-end service – retaining vigilance and full control at every stage.

# **Pneumatic Rubber** Fenders



# FEATURES

Easy and fast to deploy

Very low reaction and full hull pressure

Suitable for small and large tidal ranges

Maintain high clearances between hull and structures

# **APPLICATIONS**

Oil and gas tankers

Fast ferries and aluminium vessels

Temporary and permanent installations

Rapid response and emergencies

Ship-to-ship operations

# **Types of Fenders**

The two most common types of pneumatic fenders that are compliant with the international standard ISO 17357-1:2014 are type I – chain-tire-net (CTN) type fenders and type II – sling type fenders.

The type of fender to be used depends on its application, usage and the requirements of the facility.

# **TYPE I: CHAIN-TIRE-NET (CTN) TYPE**

CTN is a lattice of tires connected by a network of longitudinal and lateral chains for extra protection to the fender body. Trelleborg's Type 1 fenders use galvanized chains for greater corrosion resistance. Rubber sleeves are inserted over the chains to prevent abrasion of the rubber surface of the fenders. The chains are fastened with shackles at each intersection.

High Protection CTN has extra rolls of tires on the shoulders of the fenders while Standard Protection CTN is equipped with rubber sleeves on the shoulder chains.



Type I Standard Protection Fender showing the CTN



Type I High Protection Fender showing the extra rolls of shoulder tires

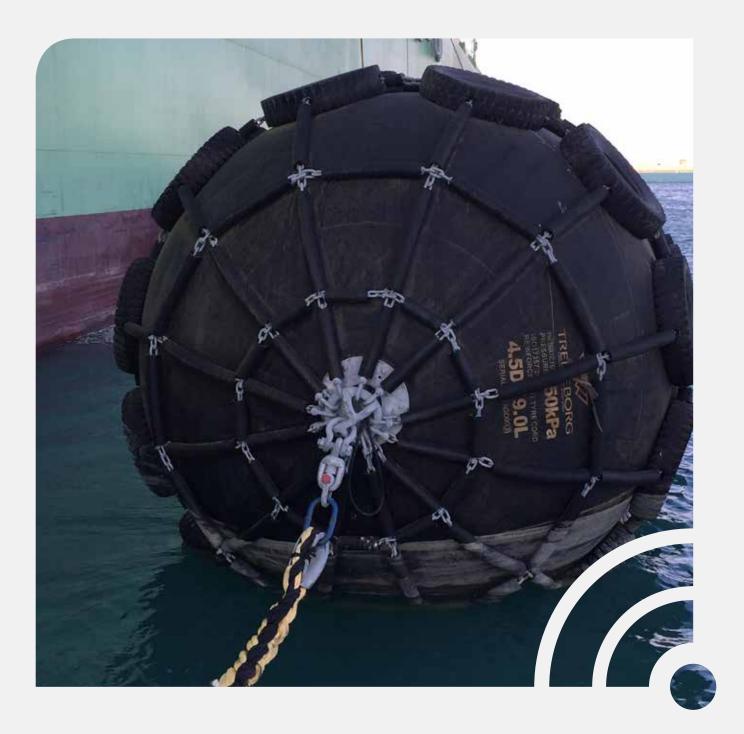
# **TYPE II: SLING OR HOOK TYPE**

Sling or hook type fenders are effectively Type I fenders with lifting / towing eyes fitted to each end without the CTN. The fenders can be slung by chains or wire ropes during operation. Type II fenders are available across the entire range of sizes.



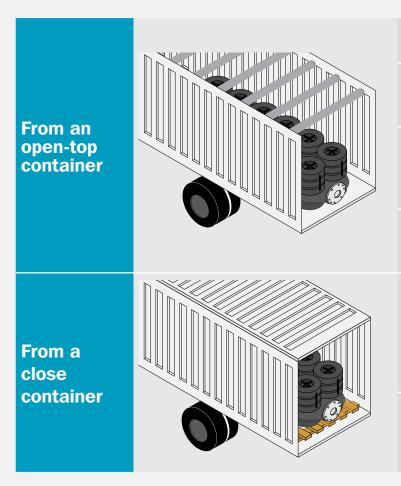
Type II Sing Type Fender with lifting eye at both ends

# Handling



# 2.1 Unloading

Extreme care must be taken to ensure that unloading is being carried out under close supervision of a competent personnel. Follow the below instructions to unload Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders:



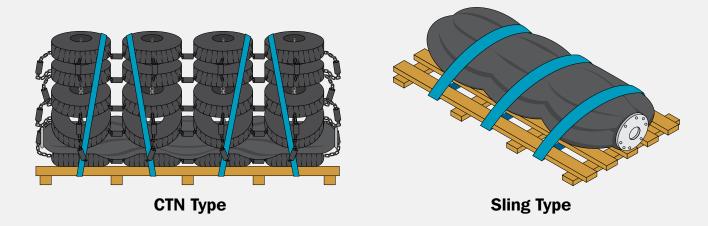
- 1 Remove the cross beams from the top of the container.
- 2 Connect lifting slings to the shackles/links that indicate 'lifting points' and gently lift the fender up with the help of a crane.
- 3 Move the pneumatic fender out of the container through the door and be careful not to get hooked by surrounding catch points.
- 4 Place the fender on a large flat area before releasing it from the crane to prepare it when fully inflated.
- 1 Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders packed on wooden pallets in a close container can be unloaded using a forklift. Be careful to avoid the fender's body being cut by the fork of the forklift when lifting the wooden pallet.
- 2 Remove the fender from the container and place it on a flat area big enough to accommodate the fully inflated fender.

# WARNING:

- Strictly avoid placing fenders on areas strewn with debris or where hot work take place to prevent damage to the skin of the fenders.
- The procedure should be carried out using a standard Risk Assessment amended where necessary.

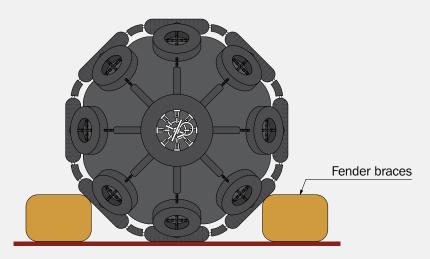
# 2.2 Unpacking

Unpack the fenders and inflate them within the first week of receiving it. Do not store the fenders in a deflated condition for an extended period as this will greatly reduce their service life.



Follow the below instructions to unpack Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders:

- 1 The fender should be placed in an area large enough to accommodate it when fully inflated. Areas strewn with debris or near hot metal work area must be strictly avoided to prevent damage to the skin of the fender.
- 2 Cut and remove the ropes or bands that are wrapped around the fender. Take extra care not to cut the fender's body during the process.
- 3 Slowly inflate the fender and adjust the internal air pressure by strictly following the instructions on Section 2.3 inflation.
- 4 Avoid rolling the fender as any protruding objects nearby might damage the fender. Brace the fender to prevent it from rolling. The recommended height of the brace is approximately <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the fender diameter. Use wooden braces or rubber tires without any sharp protrusions or edges to prevent any damage on the fender's body.



### **INFLATION OF SMALL AND MEDIUM SIZE FENDERS UP TO DIAMETER 2M** Valve Plastic Rotary Pressure Ball Ball Air valve core cap nut valve-A valve-B Joint gauge a C d b е g h Air hose BBFAI **8**

Strictly follow the below instructions to inflate Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders. Over inflating is extremely dangerous.

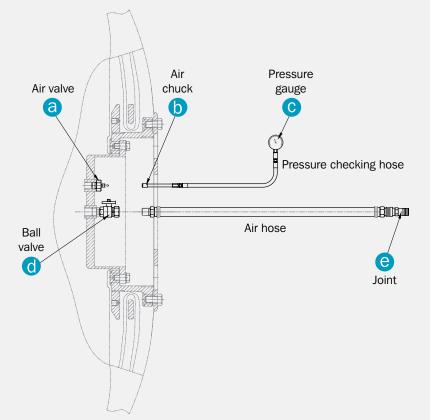
Remove the plastic cap (c) and valve core 1 (b) from the air valve (a) at the flange opening and connect the rotary nut (d) on the air hose to the air valve of the fender.

2.3 Inflation

- 2 Connect the joint (h) to the air compressor. Make sure that the ball valve-A (f) and ball valve-B (g) are kept closed before connecting joint (h) to the air compressor.
- 3 Turn on the air compressor and open the compressor valve. The pressure of the compressor should be set between 4 to 7 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 4 Open the ball valve-B (g) on the air hose to release the air to the fender.
- 5 To check the pressure inside the fender, gradually close the ball valve-B (g) and gradually open the ball valve-A (f). The reading is on the pressure gauge (e). Make sure to check the reading periodically until the specified pressure is reached to avoid over-inflating.
- 6 Close the compressor valve to stop inflating when the air pressure reaches the specified pressure plus an additional 0.05 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- Disconnect the air hose by unscrewing the 7 rotary nut (d) and quickly screw tight the valve core (b) on the air valve (a). 8 Use soapy water to check for leaks at the air valve (a) area or the flange opening. 9 Note: the air from the compressor is warm but would soon cool off after the fender is fully inflated. Check the internal pressure of the fender one hour after inflation and again when the fender is placed in the water. 10 If the pressure is too high, release the air by pushing the tip of the valve core (b) or use the valve cap (c) to unscrew the valve core (b) to release the air. 11 Once the air pressure decreases to the required level, block the tip of the air core (b) with your finger and quickly put the valve core (b) back to prevent releasing excessive air. Screw the valve core (b) securely with the valve cap (c). Ensure the valve core (b) is firmly in place. Replace the valve core with a new one if leakage is detected after the valve core (b) is firmly fitted. Finally, close the air valve cap (c) tightly.

Note: The air pressure can be affected by the environmental temperature, hence it is recommended to check the pressure regularly.

# **2.3 Inflation** INFLATION OF LARGE SIZE FENDERS WITH DIAMETER OF ABOVE 2M





Strictly follow the below instructions to inflate Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders. Over inflating is extremely dangerous.

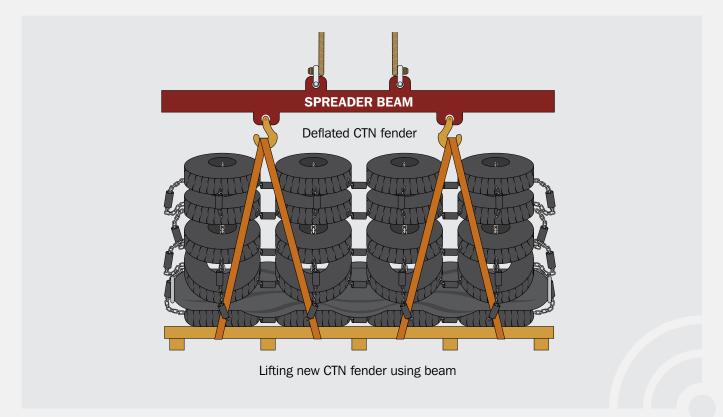
- 1 Connect the air hose to an air compressor 5 with the joint (e). 2 Turn on the air compressor and open the valve (d) to release the air from the compressor to fill the fender. The pressure 6 of the air compression should be set between 4 to 7 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>. 3 Remove the cap of the small air valve (a) 7 and press the air chuck (b) into the small air valve (a) to check the pressure and ascertain if an inflation is necessary. Check 8 the internal air pressure at (c) periodically to ensure that the fender is not over-inflated. 4 Ensure that air is not leaking from the hose line. Any air leak from the air hose line will result in inaccurate measurement.
  - Stop inflating when the internal pressure of the fender reaches the specified air pressure plus an additional 0.05 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> by turning off the air compressor.
    Discoursed the sinches of the specification.
  - 6 Disconnect the air hose after closing the valve (d). Caution: The air remaining in the hose has some pressure.
  - 7 Use soapy water to check for air leakage from the valve (d), small air valve (a) and the flange opening.
  - 8 Note that air from the compressor is warm but would soon cool off after the fender is fully inflated. Check the internal pressure of the fender one hour after inflation and again when the fender is placed in the water.

Note: The air pressure can be affected by the environmental temperature, hence it is recommended to check the pressure regularly.

# 2.4 Lifting

Different types of fender of varying sizes may be packed differently thus the handling methods may vary. The followings are some of the possible scenarios:

# LIFTING NEW CTN TYPE FENDERS



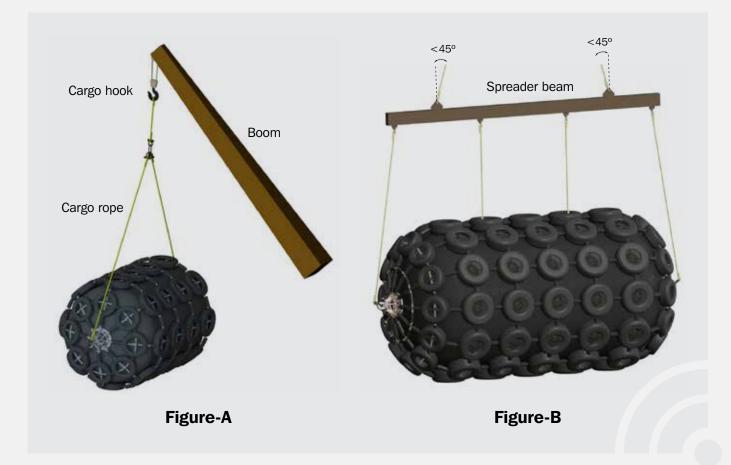
Follow the below instructions to lift a new CTN pneumatic fender:

- 1 When lifting the fenders, extreme care must be taken to ensure that the procedure is carried out under the supervision of a competent personnel.
- 2 New CTN type fenders shall be lifted by properly securing lifting straps shackles to the chain net shackles which are either colored or marked as "Lift Point".
- 3 New long CTN fender should be lifted horizontally using spreader beam and two or more lifting straps with shackles. The lifting straps shackles should be secured properly to the chain net shackles which are either colored or marked as "lift point".

Note: The weight of the fender must be established to determine the correct size spreader beam, lifting straps and shackles are being used. Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems if in doubt.

# 2.4 Lifting

# LIFTING IN-SERVICE CTN TYPE FENDERS



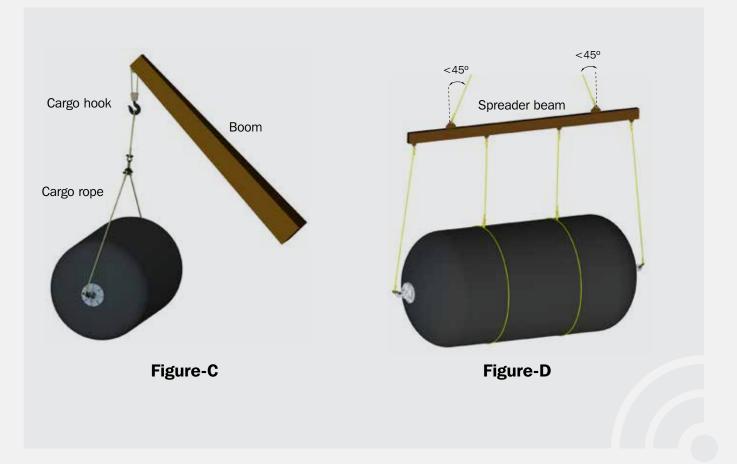
Follow the below instructions to lift in-service CTN pneumatic fenders.

- 1 When lifting the fenders, extreme care must be taken to ensure that the procedure is carried out under the supervision of a competent personnel.
- 2 An in-service CTN fenders should be lifted horizontally with lines (ropes/straps) attached to the colored shackles on the chain net.
- 3 An alternative method is to lift the fender by the lifting eyes at its ends as shown in Figure-A. In addition, long in-service CTN fenders should be lifted horizontally using spreader beam and lifting straps with shackles as shown in above Figure-B.
- 4 After lifting an in service fender out of the water, conduct a thorough examination to assess the condition of the accessible area on the fender body and the net components.
- 5 Before lifting the fender, the immediate area of the operation must be cordoned off and all personnel in the area have to be informed of the impending lift.

Note: The weight of the fender must be established to determine the correct size spreader beam, lifting straps and shackles are being used. Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems if in doubt.

# 2.4 Lifting

# LIFTING NEW AND IN-SERVICE SLING TYPE FENDERS

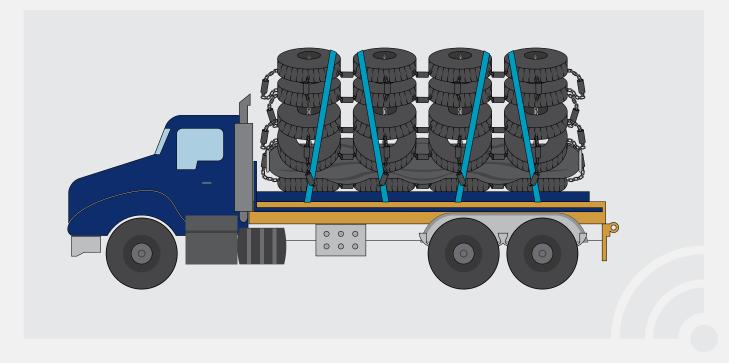


Follow the below instructions to lift both new and in-service sling type pneumatic fenders:

- 1 When lifting the fenders, extreme care must be taken to ensure that the procedure is carried out under the supervision of a competent personnel.
- 2 New small sling type fenders should be lifted using a forklift.
- **3** Bigger fenders, new or in-service are normally lifted from their ends using lifting straps with shackles as shown in Figure-C.
- 4 Long fenders, new or in-service, should be lifted using a spreader beam and lifting straps with shackles as shown in Figure-D.
- 5 The procedure should be carefully carried out using internal safety protocols.

Note: The weight of the fender must be established to determine the correct size spreader beam, lifting straps and shackles are being used. Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems if in doubt.

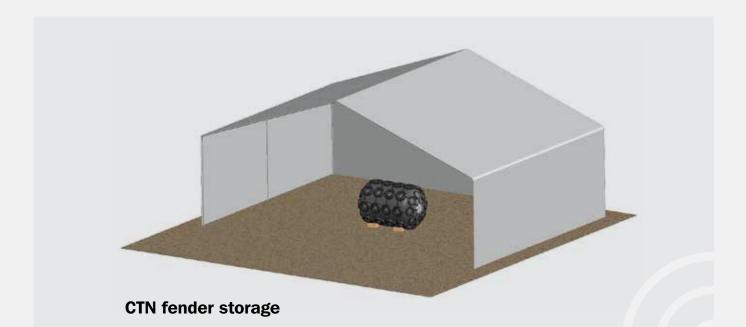
# 2.5 Transportation



Follow the below instructions to transport Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders:

- 1 Adhere strictly to the lifting instructions described in the manual. Place the fender on a trailer and make sure there are no sharp edges, protrusions or debris on the flat surface of the trailer. Secure the fender on the trailer using ropes / straps.
- 2 Ensure the wheels of the trailer do not come in contact with the fender during transporting.
- 3 While transporting with a forklift, avoid damaging the fenders, which may be caused by the forks or by dragging the fenders on the ground.
- 4 Avoid inserting the forks of the forklift in between the CTN assembly as it may damage the tires of the CTN assembly as well as the fender body. If possible, use a crane to transport CTN fender.

# Storage



Please adhere to the following instructions if the fenders need to be stored for an extended period. Whenever possible, the recommendations of ISO 2230 Guidelines for Storage of Rubber Products should be followed:

- Make sure the fender is inflated to its original shape (internal pressure 20 kPa) before storing for an extended period.
- The fenders should be stored in a cool dark place, recommended less than 25°C (77°F), away from the following:
  - a. Direct sources of heat such as boilers, radiators and sunlight
  - b. Ozone including combustion gases, organic vapors and equipment capable of generating ozone
  - c. Light sources with high ultra-violet content
  - d. Liquids such as petrol, greases, acids, disinfectants, cleaning fluids and their vapors.
- A rodent-free area.

# **DEFLATION :**

It is recommended to examine the fender for damage, to clean it and ensure it is dry before deflating and storing it. Should the fender be kept for a long time or if its surface is greasy, clean it with detergent and water.

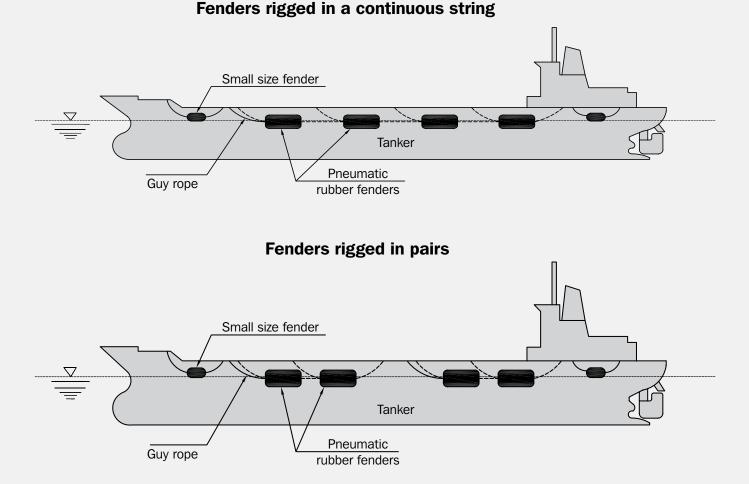
Deflation of fenders larger than 2m diameter is conducted using the ball valve while smaller fenders are deflated using the air valve located at the steel flange. It is not advisable to keep the fender in deflated condition for a long time.

# Installation



# 4.1 Installation INSTALLATION ON SHIP

Fenders can be installed along the hull of a ship with one of the following methods:



Follow the below instructions to install the fenders on a ship:

- 1 Ensure that the guy rope or chain is long enough for the fender to be floating in the water to avoid sudden stress on the guy ropes or chains.
- 2 Secure the guy ropes or chains with the ship. Strictly, choose secure parts on ship, such as bollards instead of the weaker hand-rails, to connect the guy ropes or chains with the ship.
- 3 A crane or a derrick would be good to use for hanging the fenders.
- 4 Keep the fenders away from scuppers and other protrusions at all time.

- 5 Take extra care to ensure at least two fenders come in contact with the parallel bodies of each ship, one at each end, when two ships are mooring side by side.
- 6 Avoid rigging in a continuous string when the waves are high or when the contact area cannot be fixed. It is advisable to place them at individual points along the ship hull in such situation.
- 7 Please ensure the guy-line is long enough for tidal variations.

# **4.1 Installation** INSTALLATION ON JETTY / QUAY

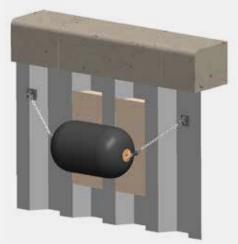
Fenders can be installed on the jetty / quay with one of the following methods:

# Fenders secured using guide rails (Figure E)



**Figure E** 

# Fenders secured using brackets or U anchors (Figure F, G, H)



**Figure F** 

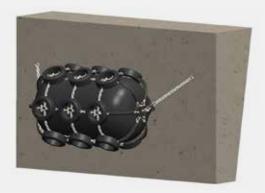


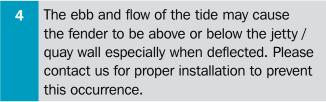
Figure G



**Figure H** 

Follow the below instructions to install the fenders on a jetty / quay:

1	Install the fenders on a flat surface.
2	Construct the jetty wall, making sure its surface is smooth and flat by removing all protrusions such as frame hooks and steel framework.
3	The jetty wall should be as flat as possible to avoid deforming the fender prematurely. Please contact us if the quay does not allow this for one reason or another.



5 Do take into consideration the ebb and flow of the tide when securing the fender with the guy rope or chain.

# 4.1 Installation

# INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS

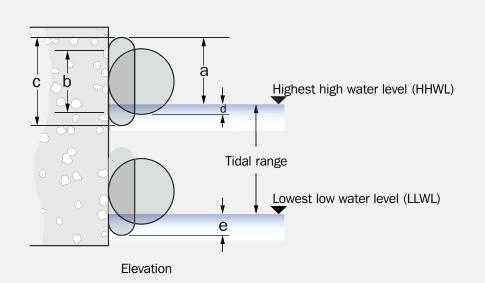
Pneumatic fenders must be installed on a solid structure or a reaction panel to ensure it is adequately supported during impacts.

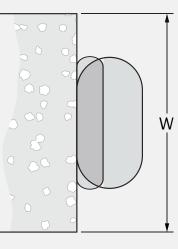
CHAIN TIRE NET (CTN) FENDERS							
FENDER SIZE			b		d	•	W
DIAMETER	LENGTH	а	U	C	u	е	VV
1000	1500	825	940	1340	345	515	1950
1200	2000	1100	1130	1610	305	510	2600
1500	2500	1485	1410	2010	270	525	3250
2000	3500	1965	1880	2680	375	715	4550
2500	4000	2495	2355	3355	430	855	5200
3300	6500	3365	3110	4430	500	1065	8450
4500	9000	4605	4240	6040	665	1435	11700

SLING FENDERS							
FENDER SIZE			b		d	•	W
DIAMETER	LENGTH	а	U	С	u	e	VV
1000	1500	1020	940	1340	150	320	1950
1200	2000	1265	1130	1610	140	345	2600
1500	2500	1575	1410	2010	180	435	3250
2000	3500	2125	1880	2680	215	555	4550
2500	4000	2675	2355	3355	250	675	5200
3300	6500	3605	3110	4430	260	825	8450
4500	9000	4935	4240	6040	335	1105	11700

Initial Fender Pressure for above mentioned sizes : 50 kPa

The above information is for 50 kPa initial pressure, standard CTN protection with truck tyre. Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems for installation of other sizes and other CTN protection.





Plan

[Units: mm]

# Maintenance

# **5.1 Inspection**

Trelleborg's pneumatic fenders are fast and easy to deploy, requiring minimal maintenance.

Though Trelleborg's fenders are designed to last, it is advisable to carry out regular inspection on the fenders condition and internal pressure, especially when the fenders are inflated and when they are taken out of the water. Any minor cuts and abrasions on its surface can be treated if detected early, hence prolong the lifespan of the fenders.

1 Check the air pressure of each fender at least four times a year by performing a gauge check. Please refer to Section 2.3 of this manual for the procedure should there be a need to pump up the fenders with more air. Air may be leaking if the pressure remains low after pumping up the fenders and the environment's temperature been taken into account.

> Check for leaks at the flange opening using soapy water. Perform gauge check at the specified pressure and repeat the procedure twenty-four hours later to determine if the desired pressure has maintained or has dropped.

- 2 Remove rust found on the metal fittings and if possible re-galvanize them and/or coat with rustproof paint for extra protection, use International or equivalent brand paint. Replace worn out metal fittings.
- **3** Check the net and guys for rust and wear and the shackles for loss of pins. Repair or replace when necessary.

4	Loose or worn rubber sleeves can damage the net of the fender. In such cases, fiber roe or fiber jacket can be used temporarily until the rubber sleeves are replaced.
5	Remove all protrusions from the quay / jetty wall and check periodically for any new protrusions.
6	Remove all marine growth and debris from the fender, chain and tire netting.
7	Apply grease when necessary to ensure proper rotation of the swivels. Use lithium based grease for swivels, such as Shell Gadus S5 V150XKD or equivalent.
8	Inspect and clean the safety valve once in every two years. Refer to section 5.3 for the procedure to clean the safety valve.
9	Keep maintenance logs and history for future reference.
10	Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems if in doubt.

# **5.1 Inspection** INSPECTION SCHEDULE

Follow the table below to inspect the fender as well as its components:

CHECKLIST	SCHEDULE
Check pressure and valves	Every 3 months or after every 3 to 4 berthings
Visual check on body	Every 6 months or more frequently, if possible, or after any abnormal berthing
Check CTN and guiding accessories	Every 12 months or more frequently, or as and when possible, or after any abnormal berthing
Detailed check on body	Every 18 months
Check safety valve	Every 24 months or after any abnormal berthing if the safety valve releases pressure
Abnormal berthing	If any abnormal berthing occurs on the fender, proper checks must be carried out for any visible damages



# **5.1 Inspection**

# **INSPECTION CHECKLIST**

It is advisable to prepare a checklist for routine preventative maintenance. The template below can be used for collecting this information.

In the event that damage is identified during maintenance inspection, please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems for further advice.

GENERAL	
Fender location	
General condition	Excellent / Good / Average / Poor / Very Poor
Port	Berth Name
Date	Time
Name	Signature

RUBBER BODY			CTN & END FITTINGS INCLUDING VALVES
Puncture	yes / no	(photos, size)	Corrosion, scratches yes / no (photos)
Pitting	yes / no	(photos, size)	Paint condition, damageyes / no(photos)
Weeping	yes / no	(photos, size)	Dents, bends yes / no (photos)
Pin holes	yes / no	(photos, size)	Welds, cracks yes / no (photos)
Reinforcement cord layer,	yes / no	(photos, size)	Accident damage yes / no (photos)
damage	-		Chain diameter lossyes / no(photos)
Cracks	yes / no	(photos, size)	Shackles or chain links ves / no (photos)
End fittings tight, secure	yes / no	(photos)	wear
Cuts or abrasions	yes / no	(photos, size)	End fittings damage yes / no (photos)
CTN rubber sleeve,	ves / no	(photos)	Inflation valve damage yes / no (photos)
damage	<b>,</b> ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Safety valve damage yes / no (photos)
Spillages (paint, oil)	none /	minor / major	Pressure check valve
Marine growth	yes / no	(photos, size)	damage yes / no (photos)
			Swivel damageyes / no(photos)

# **COMMENTS & PHOTOS (FILES NAME):**

FOLLOW UP

Refer to Trelleborg Date referred Warranty issue Trelleborg contact

yes / no

yes / no

# 5.2 Repair

The materials and instruments provided in the repair kit box are only good for temporary repair of a fender. Depending on the degree of damage, some repairs are best carried out by a rubber company. Due to the short shelf life of cement, adhesive is not included in the repair kit. The brand "TIP TOP SC2000" is recommended and could be locally purchased if necessary.



# **Partly pitting**

## Figure I

- If any partly pitting is found on the fender's rubber surface as shown in Figure I or if the reinforcement cord layer is exposed due to any cut or peeling, the following method can be used to repair the fender.
  - a) Buff the damaged area and the area within 100mm radius around it with sandpaper and wire brush. Dust off the rubber powder.
  - b) Cut out a rubber patch roughly the same size as the buffed area. Buff away one side of the rubber patch with sandpaper and wire brush and taper the edges of the rubber patch.
  - c) Clean the buffed area and the exposed reinforcement cord with a solvent such as gasoline.
  - d) Mix TIP TOP Cement SC2000 with 10% of RF hardener. Apply one coat of the mixture onto both buffed area and allow them to dry completely (about 40 minutes if ambient temperature < 30°C (86°F) then increase the curing time until both the buffed areas are completely dry. Fluorescent light or any other indirect heat source can be used to raise the temperature up to 30°C (86°F). Strictly do not use naked flame to raise the temperature as this could severely damage the body material of the fender.
  - e) Apply a second coat of cement to the same area.
  - f) When the second application of cement has dried sufficiently, carefully lay the patch over the damaged area.
  - g) With the hand roller provided in the repair kit, roll the patch from the center working towards the edges.



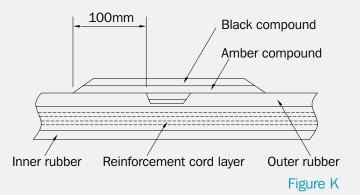
## Puncture

## Figure J

2 If the fender appears to be leaking or punctured as shown in Figure J, please contact us for further evaluation and assistance.

3 If the reinforcement cord layer is damaged, the correct way to repair it is by vulcanization. Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems for evaluation and assistance.

4 It is structurally impossible to repair a cut within 300mm of the flange opening.



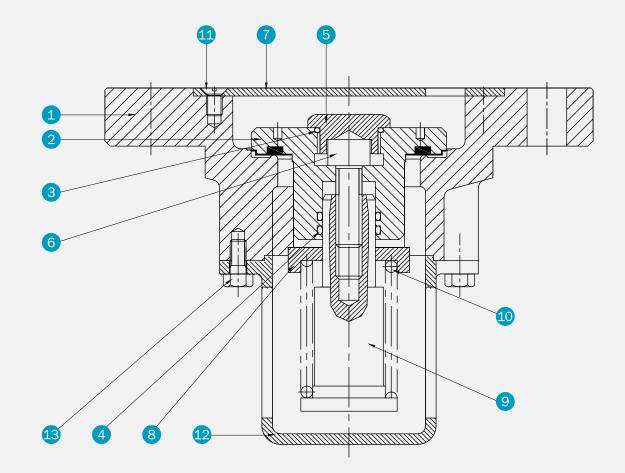
# **5.2 Repair** STANDARD REPAIR KIT

			Α ΤΥΡΕ	B TYPE	C TYPE
ITEM	QTY	IMAGE	PNE500	PNE1000 PNE1200 PNE1350 PNE1500 PNE1700 PNE2000	PNE2500 PNE3000 PNE3300 PNE4500
Tool box	1	Ξ	YES	YES	YES
Rubber sheet	1		YES	YES	YES
Brush	2	-	YES	YES	YES
Sand paper	2		YES	YES	YES
Wire brush	1	-	YES	YES	YES
Hand roller	1	9 <b></b>	YES	YES	YES

# **5.2 Repair** STANDARD INFLATION KIT

			Α ΤΥΡΕ	B TYPE	C TYPE
ITEM	QTY	IMAGE	PNE500	PNE1000 PNE1200 PNE1350 PNE1500 PNE1700 PNE2000	PNE2500 PNE3000 PNE3300 PNE4500
Teflon	1	0	YES	YES	YES
Air valve (spare valve)	1	57	NO	YES	YES
Air valve nipple (spare valve)	2	•	YES	NO	NO
Box spanner for valve removing	2		NO	YES	YES
Box spanner for valve nipple	1		YES	YES	YES
Valve core screw driver	1		YES	YES	YES
Air pressure gauge with air filling hose		O	YES	YES	NO
Air filling hose	1	0	NO	NO	YES
Air pressure gauge with air chuck		C	NO	NO	YES

# 5.3 Safety Valves



1 Body	
2 Disc	
3 O-Ring	
4 Disc	
5 Cap	
6 Adjust Screw	

7 Cover	
8 Upper Springs Seat	
9 Bottom Spring Seat	
10 Upper Springs Seat	
11 Bolt	
12 Spring Cover	
13 Bolt	

# 5.3 Safety Valves

# **PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION**

The safety valve keeps the internal pressure of the fender within a designated pressure range so it does not exceed the pre-set pressure limit.

If the internal pressure of the fender exceeds the pre-set pressure limit, parts 2, 5, 6 and 9 act to release the air until the internal pressure is reduced to the acceptable range before closing the valve again. Refer to the figure on page 27 and table below.

PNEUMATIC-TYPE FENDER INITIAL PRESSURE	SAFETY VALVE SETTING PRESSURE
0.5 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (50 kPa)	1.8 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (175 kPa) $\pm 10\%$
0.8 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (80 kPa)	2.35 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (230 kPa)±10%

# **CLEANING THE SAFETY VALVE**

The body and the cover of the safety valve are made of stainless steel while its other parts are made of steel, which may corrode in the marine environment. Hence, cleaning the safety valve every two years is recommended. Follow the below instructions:

1 Cleaning off all the rust by using an anticorrosive rust remover.

Use an anticorrosive agent "FERRYCID RUSTREMOVER" or equivalent to clean off the rust.

2 Removing the tiny steel particles by thoroughly cleaning the parts, usually with a solvent.

Use a cleaning solvent "FERRYL 404 DILUTION & CLEANING LIQUID" or equivalent to remove the tiny steel particles by thoroughly cleaning the parts.

3 The two steps mentioned above are usually sufficient for removing the rust and protecting the parts from further oxidation. However, an anticorrosive coating may be applied to further protect the surface in some cases.

Use "FERRYL 401" or equivalent as a coating liquid.

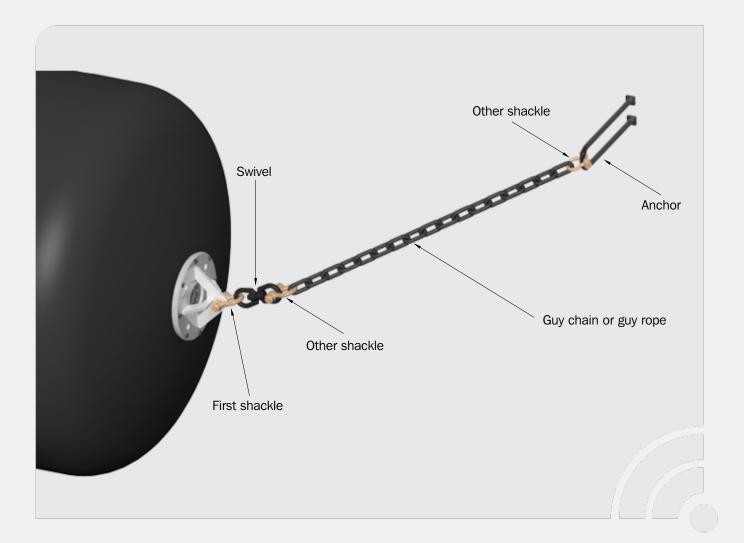
Please contact Trelleborg Marine Systems if in doubt.

# **STORAGE OF SAFETY VALVE**

Store the safety valve properly in locations without too much vibration. Calibrate the safety valve regularly even if it has not been used for a period of time.

6

# End Fittings



Pneumatic fenders are often suspended using chains and shackles. Please refer to the table below for our recommended dimensions.

TYPE 2 FEND	TYPE 2 FENDER (SLING)		SWIVEL	OTHER	GUY CHAIN	GUY ROPE	ANCHOR
SIZE (OD X L) (mm)	INITIAL PRESSURE (kPa)	FIRST SHACKLE DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	SHACKLE DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)
1000 x 1500	50	22 (7/8)	19 (3/4)	22 (7/8)	22 (7/8)	16 (5/8)	25 (1)
1000 x 2000	50	22 (7/8)	19 (3/4)	22 (7/8)	22 (7/8)	16 (5/8)	25 (1)
1200 x 1800	50	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	18 (11/16)	25 (1)
1200 x 2000	50	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	18 (11/16)	25 (1)
1350 x 2500	50	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	18 (11/16)	25 (1)
1500 x 2500	50	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	20 (13/16)	32 (1-1/4)
1500 x 3000	50	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	20 (13/16)	32 (1-1/4)
1700 x 3000	50	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	32 (1-1/4)
2000 x 3000	50	25 (1)	32 (1-1/4)	25 (1)	25 (1)	24 (15/16)	32 (1-1/4)
2000 x 3500	50	25 (1)	32 (1-1/4)	25 (1)	25 (1)	24 (15/16)	32 (1-1/4)
2000 x 6000	50	35 (1-3/8)	38 (1-1/2)	35 (1-3/8)	35 (1-3/8)	35(1-3/8)	42 (1-5/8)
2500 x 4000	50	32 (1-1/4)	38 (1-1/2)	32 (1-1/4)	32 (1-1/4)	30(1-3/16)	42 (1-5/8)
2500 x 5500	50	35 (1-3/8)	38 (1-1/2)	35 (1-3/8)	35 (1-3/8)	35(1-3/8)	44 (1-3/4)
3000 x 5000	50	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	35(1-3/8)	44 (1-3/4)
3300 x 4500	50	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	35(1-3/8)	44 (1-3/4)
3300 x 6500	50	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	38 (1-1/2)	42(1-5/8)	55 (2-3/16)
4500 x 9000	50	50 (2)	64 (2-1/2)	50 (2)	50 (2)	54(2-1/8)	75 (3)

# FENDER FIXING ACCESSORIES (50 kPa INITIAL PRESSURE)

# FENDER FIXING ACCESSORIES (80 kPa INITIAL PRESSURE)

TYPE 2 FEND	er (Sling)	FIRST SHACKLE	SWIVEL	OTHER	GUY CHAIN	GUY ROPE	ANCHOR
SIZE (OD X L) (mm)	INITIAL PRESSURE (kPa)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	SHACKLE DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)	DIAMETER mm (inch)
1000 x 1500	80	22 (7/8)	19 (3/4)	22 (7/8)	22 (7/8)	16 (5/8)	25 (1)
1000 x 2000	80	22 (7/8)	19 (3/4)	22 (7/8)	22 (7/8)	16 (5/8)	25 (1)
1200 x 1800	80	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	18 (11/16)	25 (1)
1200 x 2000	80	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	18 (11/16)	25 (1)
1350 x 2500	80	25 (1)	22 (7/8)	25 (1)	25 (1)	20 (13/16)	25 (1)
1500 x 2500	80	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	24 (15/16)	32 (1-1/4)
1500 x 3000	80	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	24 (15/16)	32 (1-1/4)
1700 x 3000	80	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	25 (1)	24 (15/16)	32 (1-1/4)
2000 x 3000	80	28 (1-1/8)	32 (1-1/4)	28 (1-1/8)	28 (1-1/8)	28(1-1/8)	36 (1-7/16)
2000 x 3500	80	28 (1-1/8)	32 (1-1/4)	28 (1-1/8)	28 (1-1/8)	28(1-1/8)	36 (1-7/16)
2000 x 6000	80	38(1-1/2)	44(1-3/4)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	40(1-9/16)	42 (1-5/8)
2500 x 4000	80	35(1-3/8)	38(1-1/2)	35(1-3/8)	35(1-3/8)	32(1-1/4)	42 (1-5/8)
2500 x 5500	80	38(1-1/2)	44(1-3/4)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	40(1-9/16)	44 (1-3/4)
3000 x 5000	80	38(1-1/2)	44(1-3/4)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	44 (1-3/4)
3300 x 4500	80	38(1-1/2)	44(1-3/4)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	38(1-1/2)	50 (2)
3300 x 6500	80	48 (1-7/8)	50 (2)	48 (1-7/8)	48 (1-7/8)	46(1-13/16)	60 (2-3/8)
4500 x 9000	80	64 (2-1/2)	64 (2-1/2)	64 (2-1/2)	64 (2-1/2)	65(2-9/16)	75 (3)

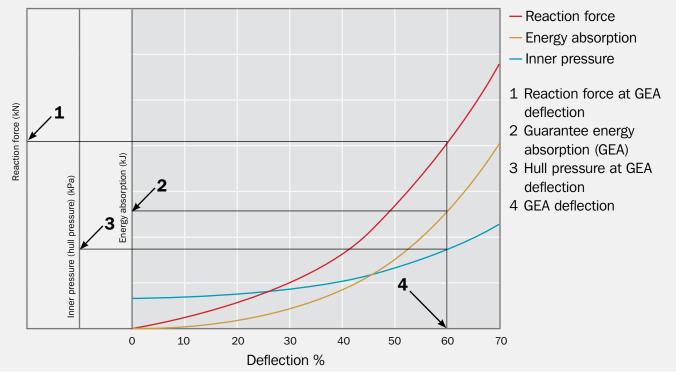
Recommended sizes of shackles and chains for all sizes of Type 2 fenders.

# **Performance** Values

# PERFORMANCE DATA

INITIAL INTERNAL PRESSURE	50kPa			80kPa		
NOMINAL SIZE DIAMETER × LENGTH	GUARANTEED ENERGY ABSORPTION (GEA)	REACTION FORCE AT GEA DEFLECTION (R)	HULL PRESSURE (INTERNAL PRESSURE) AT GEA DEFLECTION (P)	GUARANTEED ENERGY ABSORPTION (GEA)	REACTION FORCE AT GEA DEFLECTION (R)	HULL PRESSURE (INTERNAL PRESSURE) AT GEA DEFLECTION (P)
(mm)	MINIMUM VALUE AT DEFLECTION 60 ± 5 % kJ	TOLERANCE ±10 % kN	REFERENCE VALUE kPa	MINIMUM VALUE AT DEFLECTION 60 ± 5 % kJ	TOLERANCE ±10 % kN	REFERENCE VALUE kPa
500 x 1000	6	64	132	8	85	174
1000 x 1500	32	182	122	45	239	160
1000 x 2000	45	257	132	63	338	174
1200 x 2000	63	297	126	88	390	166
1350 x 2500	102	427	130	142	561	170
1500 x 3000	153	579	132	214	761	174
2000 x 3500	308	875	128	430	1150	168
2500 x 4000	663	1381	137	925	1815	180
2500 x 5500	943	2019	148	1317	2653	195
3300 x 4500	1175	1884	130	1640	2476	171
3300 x 6500	1814	3015	146	2532	3961	191
3300 x 10600	3067	5257	158	4281	6907	208
4500 x 9000	4752	5747	146	6633	7551	192

# PERFORMANCE CURVE



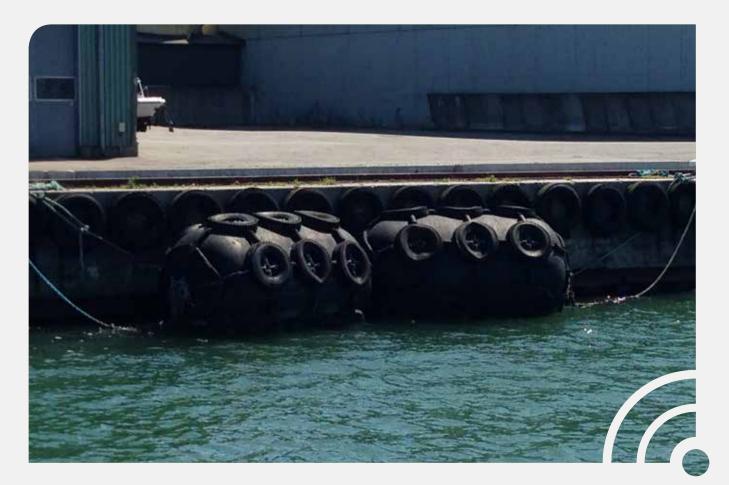
# **PRESSURE RATINGS**

Trelleborg Marine Systems manufactures fenders with two initial pressures: 50 kPa (Pneumatic 50) and 80 kPa (Pneumatic 80). Design values are given below.

PNEUMATIC 50	INTERNAL PRESSURE (kPa) MIN. ENDURABLE PRESSURE (kPa)		SAFETY VALVE	TEST PRESSURE			
SIZE (OD x L) (mm)	AT 0% DEFLECTION	AT 60% DEFLECTION	AT 0% DEFLECTION	AT 60% DEFLECTION	PRESSURE SETTING (kPa)	AT 0% DEFLECTION (kPa)	
500 x 1000	50	132	300	462	-	200	
1000 x 1500	50	122	300	427	-	200	
1000 x 2000	50	132	300	462	-	200	
1200 x 2000	50	126	300	441	-	200	
1350 x 2500	50	130	300	455	-	200	
1500 x 3000	50	132	300	462	-	200	
2000 x 3500	50	128	300	448	_	200	
2500 x 4000	50	137	350	480	175	250	
2500 x 5500	50	148	350	518	175	250	
3300 x 4500	50	130	350	455	175	250	
3300 x 6500	50	146	350	511	175	250	
3300 x 10600	50	158	350	553	175	250	
4500 x 9000	50	146	350	511	175	250	

PNEUMATIC 80	EUMATIC 80 INTERNAL PRESSURE (kPa)		MIN. ENDURABLE P	RESSURE (kPa)	SAFETY VALVE	TEST PRESSURE	
SIZE (OD x L) (mm)	AT 0% DEFLECTION	AT 60% DEFLECTION	AT 0% DEFLECTION	AT 60% DEFLECTION	PRESSURE SETTING (kPa)	AT 0% DEFLECTION (kPa)	
500 x 1000	80	174	480	609	-	250	
1000 x 1500	80	160	480	560	-	250	
1000 x 2000	80	174	480	609	-	250	
1200 x 2000	80	166	480	581	_	250	
1350 x 2500	80	170	480	595	-	250	
1500 x 3000	80	174	480	609	-	250	
2000 x 3500	80	168	480	588	-	250	
2500 x 4000	80	180	560	630	230	300	
2500 x 5500	80	195	560	683	230	300	
3300 x 4500	80	171	560	599	230	300	
3300 x 6500	80	191	560	669	230	300	
3300 x 10600	80	208	560	728	230	300	
4500 x 9000	80	192	560	672	230	300	

# Replacement



Fender body	Trelleborg's fenders are manufactured to last up to 10 years. However, immediate replacement is required if the reinforcement cord layers are damaged beyond repairs.
Chain-Tire-Net	CTNs are consumable items and need to be replaced when there are wear and tear. Regular inspection and maintenance can prolong their life span.
(CTN)	Please refer to the inspection schedule in section 5.1.

# Warning

# **DANGER – HIGH PRESSURE PNEUMATIC FENDER**

Handling high pressure pneumatic fender may be hazardous, resulting in loss of life, severe body injury and / or damage of property if not installed correctly and properly maintained throughout operation. Read, understand and apply all the guidelines given, before attempting to inflate, lift, service or operate the fender.

Failure to follow these guidelines, not taking every precaution and the absence of good engineering judgement may result in a malfunction that could result in the explosive failure of a fender.

Inflate the fender to the specified pressure following the guidelines mentioned in the inflation section of this manual. Over inflating is extremely dangerous and may result in loss of life, severe body injury and / or damage of property.

Misuse, incorrect assembly or the use of damaged or corroded components can result in the components' failure.

A highly qualified engineer or a mechanic experienced in handling high pressure fenders is recommended to inflate, lift, operate and service this type of fenders.

Strictly follow the guidelines given in the maintenance section of this manual to prolong the lifespan of the fender and for safe fender operation. To optimize safety, exercise engineering best practices along with good judgement in addition to following the guidelines in this manual.

# DISCLAIMER

Trelleborg AB has made every effort to ensure that the technical specifications and product descriptions in this manual are correct.

The responsibility or liability for errors and omissions cannot be accepted for any reason whatsoever. Customers are advised to request a detailed specification and certified drawing prior to construction and manufacture. In the interests of improving the quality and performance of our products and systems, we reserve the right to make specification changes without prior notice. All dimensions, material properties and performance values quoted are subject to normal production and testing tolerances.

This manual supersedes the information provided in all previous editions. If in doubt, please check with Trelleborg Marine Systems.

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MAN-PNE-v1.2-EN, 2018

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